



- Rescue Equipment
- Specialized Equipment

### 3.6.9 Termination

The Incident Commander will make the determination when the MCI response is completed and communicate the termination notice to DEC who relays it to the relevant response participants.

## Section 3.7 Modified 911 EMS Responses

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Minor and / or major modifications of the standard EMS responses may be necessary to maintain the sound operations of the entire EMS system during a sizeable MCI event. An example of a *minor* modification includes suspending diversion until the incident response is closed out.

**Any decision to do a major modification of the standard 911 medical responses must be authorized by the EMS Agency Medical Director in consultation with the Director of Health, the SFFD Chief and the leadership of the affected EMS providers.** Part 1 Standard Operating Procedures lists the potential modifications to EMS responses. Below lists examples of possible *major* modifications to EMS response that may be invoked during a MCI.

#### **Potential Modified Responses during a Level 2 MCI Alert**

- ALS ambulances dispatched only to Code 3 (Delta and Echo) calls.
- BLS ambulances dispatched to Code 2 (Alpha, Bravo, and Charlie) calls.
- First Responder dispatched to Code 2 ((Alpha, Bravo, and Charlie) calls.

#### **Potential Modified Responses during a Level 3 MCI Alert**

- BLS Ambulance dispatched to only Code 3 (Delta and Charlie) calls.
- First Responder dispatched to only Code 2 ((Alpha, Bravo, and Charlie) calls.
- No response to Code 2 (Alpha, Bravo, and Charlie) calls.

## Section 3.8 Hospital Operations

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All San Francisco hospitals will surge their patient care operations through their pre-planned activities to accommodate MCI patients. Hospitals may surge their internal capacity by setting up alternate care areas through the re-purposing of current patient care sites or by setting up disaster tents on the hospital property.